

## NEW QUARTERS

WHO? WHERE?

## Warren & Durfee

### Abstracts of Title

### INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE

—AND—

### Conveyancing Office.

Now on the corner E.  
Main and Water Sts.—  
Room recently occu-  
pied by W. J. Brown,  
Druggist.

October 23 1874.

### Ayers Cathartic Pills,

For the relief and  
cure of all diseases  
of the stomach, liver,  
bowels. They are a mild  
and safe cathartic  
excellent purgative.  
Being purely vege-  
table, they contain  
nothing but what is  
natural whatever.—Much  
serious sickness and  
affection of the bowels  
are relieved by their  
use, and every family should have them on hand  
for protection and relief, when required.  
They are the best and best of all the pills with which  
the market abounds. By their occasional use,  
the bowels purified, the operations of the sys-  
tem are rendered more perfect, and the  
vital machinery of life restored to its healthy  
normal condition again. The internal organs which become clogged  
and obstructed by the accumulation of mucus and  
stagnated into action. Thus incipient disease  
is checked in health, the vice of which change,  
which comes on the vast multitudes who enjoy  
them, makes them pleasant to take, and preserves  
them unimpaired for any length of time, so  
that they are ever fresh, and perfectly reliable.  
Although costly, they are well worth the price,  
without disturbance to the constitution, ordi-  
nary diet.

Directions are given on the wrapper to  
each box, how to use them as a Family Phyle,  
and for the following complaints, which these  
Pills will cure—

**Indigestion, Heartburn,** Gas, &c., Loss of Appetite, they  
should be taken moderately to stimulate the sto-  
mach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

**Enteritis, Colitis, &c.** These symptoms,  
Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Disease, Bilious & Catarrhal Fever, they  
should be taken in such doses as will correct the  
disordered action or remove the obstructions which  
cause it.

**Bronchitis, Pleurisy,** but one  
small dose will cure it.

**Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Pal-**  
pitation of the Heart, Pain in the  
Knees, &c., &c. These are  
commonly taken, as required, to change the diseased  
action of the system. With such change those  
complaints disappear.

**Dropstitch Swellings,** they should be taken in large and frequent doses  
to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

These pills should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

On **Dinner Pill,** take one or two Pills to  
promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An ordinary dose stimulates the appetite and  
bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the  
system. Hence is often arranged where  
no strong medicine exists. One can hardly  
feel too well, often finds that a dose of these  
Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their  
cleaning and toning effect on the digestive  
apparatus.

PREPARED BY

**D. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,**  
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

**I. H. Hildebrandt, Ag't**

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

DR. D. J. C. AYER & CO.

## The Daily Republican.

HAMSHER & MOSSER,  
P. E. HAMSHER, Publishers.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS:  
Friday Evening, Jan. 15.

It makes all the difference in the world to some people which leg the boot is on. At any rate it makes a good deal of difference to our Opposition shirkers whether revolutionary faction subverts a legislature and takes violent possession of the Capitol, or whether a file of soldiers walks into the State House and walks the revolutionists out. In the opinion of our Opposition shirkers it is better that the rioters should prevail.

It is now denied that there is to be a general consultation of leading Democrats from all parts of the country, at Washington, to consider the Louisiana question. Indeed there is a growing disposition among the Democrats, in spite of their noisy clamor, to "go slow" on this question, as indicated by the backing down of the Democratic Central Committee of this State with reference to the White League sympathy meeting in Springfield. The facts developed do not look so encouraging to the Democracy as they were thought to be at first sight, and the policy now is, while keeping up as much noise as possible, to do nothing of a positive character.

A COMPARISON of the British Board of Trade returns for the eleven months of 1874, ending Nov. 30, with the corresponding portions of the three preceding years shows that in 1871 the exportations of iron to the United States were 778,266 tons. The result of the four years' movement is that the exports of iron and steel in 1871 were less than 23 per cent. of the corresponding exports of 1871. A considerable part of this decline is undoubtedly to be attributed to the depression in business in this country, but there is also much to be ascribed to our larger dependence on home manufacturers.

The dispatch of "Our Suffering Brethren" to the New York meeting must have had a reassuring effect on the President and Gen. Sheridan. He said "Louisiana sends greeting. Her people will not be goaded into a conflict with the United States authorities." Magnanimous Me-Ency! How the world will admire his wonderful forbearance. Though, to tell the truth, we didn't much expect he would be "goaded" that way. He might have been if there were fewer of those "authorities," but with a couple of thousand muskets or such a matter pointed at one, it is so easy to persuade him not to strike. We are not much afraid of the people there being "goaded" to a conflict so long as Sheridan in commands, but would not be at all surprised to see them get furiously excited and entirely beyond "control" the moment the troops move north.

We have gone a good way in these United States toward convincing futurity that our brains had soared beyond the realms of healthy imaginings, but we cannot come up to Spain. Spain has a distinguished trace and other varieties of medium named Moto. Signo Moto he is called. Now Moto's idea is that disembodied spirits hover between earth and the moon, and whirl in space just as long as their wickedness here below devolves. When they have completed their term the good are assigned to Mercury, the other people to Neptune. Now if the true believer will simply turn his eyes heavenward on a starlit night he may probably behold his long-lost uncle, whirling about like dancing dervish. "Lamentations were heard in the air," says Ross, which leads us to suppose that the disembodied hold a kind of select meeting for mutual improvement. Their position must be decidedly an airy one, but in all events there is little danger of shoddy people, backbitors, slanderers, extortions, and others of that ilk getting out of their proper sphere.

WOMAN'S mission is being rapidly extended in Europe. In the list of successful candidates who lately passed the test examination for naval cadetship at Greenwich, is the name of Gordon Moore. He was educated at Miss Nickoll's preparatory school in Sussex. Miss Nickoll is the daughter of a late commander in the British Navy, and it is said to be well qualified as a "Naval Instructor."

A four months' session. That is what the Illinois legislature is preparing itself for, notwithstanding their protest that thirty days will do. The bellhunk may pipe with the comes; those devout servants of this common wealth will heed it not—so long as \$5 per diem (Sundays included) can be had within the walls of the State House.—*Inter Ocean.*

## AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Mr. Samuel B. Ruggles has recently published a pamphlet containing the agricultural statistics of this country. From it are gathered the following items of interest: Of the whole area of the States and Territories, viz.: 1,897,055,220 acres, more than 188,912,833 are improved. The growth of agricultural production has more than kept pace with the growth of population in the last thirty years. In 1840 the population of the United States was 17,069,453; in 1870 it was 38,558,271. The wheat grown in 1840 amounted to 104,811,175 bushels; in 1870, 287,745,656 bushels. The manufacture of butter and cheese was represented in the former year by 202,410,440 pounds in the latter by 677,018,095. Between the years 1840 and 1870 the yield of hay was almost trebled. In 1850 the cash value of farms, including live stock, implements, machinery was \$3,267,343,580, in 1870 it was \$11,124,958,747. The production of hay was twice as great. The value of animals slaughtered increased from \$111,703,142 to \$393,956,377; the yield of tobacco from \$199,752,655 to \$262,735,341; of wheat from \$109,468,574 to \$287,745,626. The yield of the cotton crop in bales was 2,459,093 in 1850. In 1870 it was 3,011,996. The rice and sugar crops show a failing off. The former fell from 215,313,487 to 73,635,021. The value of the products of our manufactures rose from \$1,019,106,610 to \$4,232,325,493. In 1870 the agricultural population amounted to 5,922,471 persons. Of these 5,303,363 were natives of the United States.

## OUR BANDITI

From the Toledo Blade. The banditti of Italy and Greece will blench for shame if they ever discover that the ruffians of Louisiana have been put in the same class with them. Is the occasional murder of a traveler, by wrecks driven to desperation, by want, to be put in the same list with the wholesale assassination of men, women and children, from no other motives than malignant spite? All the banditti in Latin and Grecian peninsulas have not killed as many men the last quarter of a century, as were burned or shot at Colfax Court-house, and no outrage committed by them approaches in cowardly brutality the putting up of hundreds of unarmed men in a burning building, shooting those that tried to escape, and then mutilating the dead bodies.

The New Orleans *Republican* of the 9th instant publishes a letter from the Hon. W. J. Blackburn, a member of the Louisiana Senate, on the situation of affairs in that State. Though a Republican, he has lived in the State many years, and is held in high esteem by all who know him. In the course of his letter he says he has often been appealed to by the Conservatives to aid in correcting existing evils, by quitting the Republican party and joining the Democracy. That tells the whole story. The White Leaguers will have no peace, if they can help it, that does not involve the disbandment of the Republican party. Concluding his letter, Senator Blackburn says:

"If the war of the North against the South in putting down the late rebellion and freeing the slave was right, then is the Republican party of Louisiana right to-day in its attitudes and its doctrees; if not, then not. And so let the North act—act for itself upon its own estimate of right and justice, and not in a patronizing and whimpering spirit as if dropping crumbs to a mendicant."

There again he hits the nail on the head. To desert the Republicans of the South at this time would be to admit the principle of universal suffrage to be a failure, political equality a myth, and the war a stupendous blunder.

The New York *Tribune* (founded by Horace Greeley) predicts that the next President will be a straight Democrat. The *Journal* will do what it can to prevent this, and yet perhaps it is as well that the catastrophe should come first as last. The election of a Democratic President and the ascendancy of that party would simply mean that a majority of the people of the north had reconsidered and gone back upon the ideas and principles which led them to prosecute the late war to a successful conclusion. It would portend a reversal of the legislation in favor of equal rights and a virtual surrender of the results of the war. In short, it would be, and whenever it happens it will be, a virtual triumph of the rebels and recovery of the lost cause. But as the southern people, aided by the Democratic party of the north, are determined to be satisfied with nothing less than this, perhaps the sooner it comes the better. Let us prove all things and hold fast to that which is good.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

It will not pay the Democrats to rely exclusively upon able-bodied sneering for reply to facts showing abuses and outrages at the South. Unless they can disprove those statements, utter silence would be much wiser. The country is not yet quite ready to entrust power to a party which permits, if it does not directly encourage, the murder of men by the thousands in a single State, and has nothing to offer in its defense, but a silly sneer about the "out rage m'l."—*St. Louis Democrat.*

KING KALAKAUA is recuperating for a few days in Chicago.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

3 O'CLOCK, P. M.  
Reported Expressly for the Daily Republican.

**Senator Logan Concludes his Great Speech.**

**The White Leaguers Defeated at Springfield.**

**Shaw Pease Votes Against the Democratic Resolutions.**

**But Farmer Jack Returns to his First Love.**

**SENATORIAL NOMINATIONS AND CAUCUSES.**

**TERRIBLE SUFFERING FROM EXTREME COLD.**

**WASHINGTON, January 14, SENATE.**

Unfinished business being in order, the resolution of Senator Schurz, instructing the judiciary committee to inquire what legislation by Congress is necessary to secure to the people of Louisiana their right of self-government under the Constitution, etc., was resumed.

Mr. Logan concluded his argument begun yesterday.

He read from the election returns of Georgia, showing few Republicans votes in the many districts, which he said was the result of intimidation. He did not doubt that there were many Democrats in the South who would like to see Sheridan hung to a lamp post, and had read extracts from Southern papers. There were murderers in the North but the Northern people punished the murderers. There might be frauds there but no murders.

Mr. Logan here adduced a number of instances of outrages against Southern negroes and white Republicans. He argued that the 3,500 persons who, according to Sheridan's report, were murdered in Louisiana since '66 were killed for political purposes. He referred to the state in which the Democrats left the country. During the war the Republican party had been accused of oppression. Had it not reorganized the Southern States, and admitted on this floor men who thundered against the gates of liberty? Who had asked for pardon without obtaining it? The Democratic party covered this land with mourning, and given it a pension roll as long as the land, but to all this they had been pardoned.

The President has been denounced here as a tyrant. Whom had he oppressed? He pardoned convicted Ku Klux and rebels he had given position. He did desire that the chivalry White Leaguers should quit their sport of gunning for negroes and Republicans. The Democrats might speak and have the outrage stopped, but they would not. Some men might think it strange to see him defend the President, though he did not agree with the President, he could not hear such unjust charges against him as have been made here. President had treated like men the soldiers who fought against him, when Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and others like them should be forgotten here, there would be no country left. Their memory would live when the Democratic party was rotten in the grave. The Republicans must not be frightened. The President had recognized the Kellogg Government, as had the Supreme Court of the State and one House of Congress. If the other House does, as it should, everything will be set led.

Ward was called, and corroborated his previous testimony; he said he kept all he got. He gave a graphic and amusing description of lobbying in Washington

TOPEKA, KAN., Jan. 14.—Twenty-one men have been brought to Dodge City who were found frozen and in a helpless condition on the plains. Some have since died, and those who are alive are badly crippled. Two men were frozen to death near Great Bend recently.

Mr. Vantress, a member of the Legislature from Bourbon County, had his legs frozen while attempting to reach the capital. He is now at Hutchinson, and it is believed that both legs will have to be amputated.

The present cold spell of weather is the severest ever known in Kansas and on the plains. The thermometer indicated the mercury at 20 degrees below zero at daylight this morning at Topeka.

At the conclusion of Mr. Logan's speech there was a demonstration of applause in the gallery, which was vociferous.

Moulton continued his testimony up to the hour of adjournment. As in yesterday's proceedings he confined himself to points already published in his statements.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 14.—Last ballot in the Republican caucus to-night resulted in a tie. Ramsey 50, Washburne 14, Austin 9. Necessary to a choice of 42.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 14.—The Democratic caucus nominated Judge McDonald for Senator by the following vote: McDonald 42; Holman 33; scattering 2.

It will not pay the Democrats to rely exclusively upon able-bodied sneering for reply to facts showing abuses and outrages at the South. Unless they can disprove those statements, utter silence would be much wiser. The country is not yet quite ready to entrust power to a party which permits, if it does not directly encourage, the murder of men by the thousands in a single State, and has nothing to offer in its defense, but a silly sneer about the "out rage m'l."—*St. Louis Democrat.*

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SPRINGFIELD, ILL., January 14.—The House of Representatives was a scene of great interest this morning. Rebellion and Copperheadism, beginning elated by success in the organization of that body, was impelled to push forward in the work of disgracing Republican Illinois. But the true Union men and lovers of their country stood firm, and the rebellion was crushed.

The resolutions introduced in the Senate two days ago by a Bourbon from Cook county, Senator Robinson, and which passed that body, authorizing a joint committee to report on the "Louisiana outrage" business, came up in regular order to-day, and the Bourbon sympathizers with anarchy and rebellion met their first Waterloo. They were anxious for the fray, and with the aid of the Independents, anticipated an easy victory. But also for Bourbon hopes. The Independents very generally voted with the Republicans, all of whom, of course, went solid against the resolutions. The vote stood 88 nays to 63 yeas, a majority of 20 against rebellion.

Geo. W. Armstrong, of LaSalle, an old line Democrat, to his credit let it be recorded, voted against the resolution.

The following Independents, two at least of whom are Democratic anti-slavery, voted against the resolution: Ashton, of Winnebago; Benson, of Champagnie; Callans, of Scott; Christie, of Warren; Halling of Ford; Harvey, of Knox; McGrath, of Kendall; Pease, of Macon; Stagall, of Pope; Stassen, of Will; Stockney, of Cook; Turner, of Jo Daviess.

The resolution was totally killed by laying on the table a motion to reconsider, by a vote of 78 yeas to 70 nays.

This is a terrible blow to the Democracy, or, rather, the leaders of the Bourbon element in the House, who saw, as they supposed, an easy road to all kinds of diabolical successes. But they reckoned without their host, and the Independents showed their mettle by proving their loyalty to liberty and good order to-day. Mr. Daniel Kirkwood, of Bloomington, Indiana, no further return of meteorites in considerable numbers can be expected till near the close of the century.

THE press of New York is surprised at the small number of mercenary failures which have occurred at the turn of the year. It is said that the few which have occurred are the late wrecks of last year's panic, having little immediate cause. There seems to be a general awakening of confidence on every hand, and the evident spirit and energy being developed in business enterprises will go far to restore the country to prosperity at an early date.

To-morrow the fight will be renewed, and then let Sheridan tremble! Hon. Tom Merritt, of Marion county, one of the Bourbons of Egypt, nothing daunted by the action of the true patriots in the House of Representatives in tabling a similar resolution to-day, will again open war on Grant, Sheridan and the Republican party by offering a fiery resolution which doubtless will make poor Sheridan tremble, and settle the Louisiana trouble.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—In the Pacific Mail case to-day Gardiner G. Hubbard testified that he was in Washington in 1872, but not as the agent of the Pacific Mail Company. He never knew of a dollar being disbursed in Washington on their account. He aid the movement for the increase of the subsidy, but from no mercenary motive, and he was surprised to hear that so much money was expended by the company.

James G. Berret, not Bennett, as telegraphed before, testified that he had been employed as counsel for Irwin, and received a fee for the disbursement of \$10,000, of which he gave \$4,000 to Sam Ward; \$3,000 to his brother, Joseph, of New York, retaining the rest. He spoke to Gov. Swann, and other members of Congress on the subject,—Swann took a statesmanlike view of it, as did witness.

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## SPECIALTIES.

**Hays & Bruce**

To-day received a case of **EXTRA WIDE CHINTZES**—English patterns—beautiful styles and colorings, **AT ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS PER YARD.**

A case of Black Alpacas, THE BEST GOODS YOU EVER SAW FOR THE PRICE, and 25 pieces Black Mohair, at 90c and \$1. Will make up as hand-somely and wear as well as a Silk.

15 dozen Ties, in all colors; some of the styles ENTIRELY NEW. A large lot of EMBROIDERIES, CHEAP.

We will be pleased to show them to you. Furs, and all goods about to be unseasonable, are being slaughtered.

300 lbs. PRIME FEATHERS.

**Hay & Bruce.**

Jan. 11, 1875 dwt.

**PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS!**

**I. J. DAVIS & CO.**

Have one of the Largest and Most Complete Assortments of Holiday Goods ever brought to the city,

—consisting of—

**FINE GIFT BOOKS!**

Both for Adults and Children;

JANUARY 2d, 1875.

# CLEARANCE SALE.

Linn & Scruggs

WILL CLOSE OUT THEIR

# FALL & WINTER GOODS!

AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,  
BEGINNING FROM TO-DAY!

January 2, 1875—d&wtf.

## The Little Corporal.

AN ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

This magazine has now been nearly ten years before the public, and has secured for itself the highest rank among juvenile periodicals. Its conductors aim to provide in each number wholesome entertainment for the Little Folks, Young Folks, and Old Folks with young hearts. Terms \$1.00 a year. Postage paid. Clubs of 8 names at one time, \$1.00 each. Specimen numbers 10 cents.

Two Months Free! Beautiful Pictures for Children! Address, JOHN E. MILLER, Publisher, Chicago, Ill.

## DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE

existing between John Ullrich and D. H. Heilmann, Agents for J. Ulrich & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent; J. Ulrich assuming the liabilities of the partnership, and D. H. Heilmann retaining the right to sell all assets in immediate settlement. Either party will sign his name in liquidation.

J. ULLRICH,  
D. H. HEILMAN

Decatur, Dec. 30, 1874.

## "Old Established Grocery House."

HAVING PURCHASED J. ULLRICH'S interest in the Retail Grocery Business, will continue the business at the old stand, 110 South Fourth street, having a complete stock of everything kept in a first-class grocery house. Soliciting a continuation of the patronage extended to the old firm, I am yours,

D. H. HEILMAN.

Returning thanks to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore shown me in the retail business, I would ask a continuation of the same to my successor Mr. D. H. Heilmann, who from his long experience in the business, I can cheerfully recommend.

J. ULLRICH.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF ONE EXECUTION TO be directed and delivered by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Macon County, Illinois, in the person of Martin M. Davis, and against Thomas Davis, I have levied upon the following described property, to wit:

The northwest quarter and the south half of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-seven (27), in township fifteen (15), section twelve (12), in the town of New Berlin, Macon county, Illinois, taken as the property of the said Thomas Davis, which I shall offer for public sale at the west door of the courthouse, in Macon county, in said State, on the

21st day of January A. D. 1875,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., of said day, for each in hand, to satisfy said execution. This 30th day of December, 1874.

ISAAC D. DURFEE, Sheriff Macon County.

## SUSPENSION!

Hotels, Asylums, and Families to keep free from BUGS should use the

## SUSPENSION BED,

Lighter, Cleaner, Master, more Durable  
AND COST MUCH LESS THAN ANY OTHER  
First-class Spring. If not for sale in your  
town send order direct to the Manufacturer.

DRAKE & TOWNE,  
38 Adams Street, or  
FIELD, LEITER & CO.,  
MADISON AND MARKET, : : CHICAGO.  
Dec. 1-d&wtf.

Wanted Agents. JEWELERS AND  
WATCHMAKERS. Agents wanted to sell  
cheap Watches and Jewelry. Profits very  
large. Catalogues free.

PILSBURY & CO., Chicago, Ill.

Dec. 1-d&wtf.

## AT LIDDLES.

Dec. 4-4&w.

## AT Popular Prices,

At Price to Suit All.

At Popular Prices,

# The Daily Republican.

OFFICIAL.

STATE, COUNTY AND CITY DIRECTORY.

State Officers.

Governor.....J. L. Beveridge  
Lieut. Governor.....John Earle  
Secretary of State.....G. H. Harlow  
Attala County.....C. E. Lippincott  
State Treasurer.....Newton Bateman  
Sup't Public Instruction.....Newton Bateman

Commissioners.....  
Senators.....Richard J. Oglesby, John A. Logan  
14th Dist.....J. G. Cannon  
Legislators.....  
State Senators, 8th Dist., Michael Donahue  
Representatives, 8th Dist.....William T. Moffett, Job A. Race, T. Lane

Judicial Officers.....  
Circuit Judge.....C. B. Smith  
State's Attorney.....C. M. McCormick  
Clerk Circuit Court.....E. McClellan

County Officers.....  
County Judge.....S. F. Greer  
County Clerk.....H. W. Park  
County Treasurer.....R. H. Park  
Sheriff.....J. D. Jennings  
Superintendent of Schools.....S. P. Noland  
County Surveyor.....Geo. V. Lorin  
Coroner.....M. V. Givler

City Officers.....  
Alderman.....Franklin Priest  
Alderman.....Geo. Starke, H. W. Wagner  
".....O. P. Perkins, L. F. Murry  
".....J. W. Sutman, J. E. Peake  
".....R. R. Miller, J. E. Peake  
".....W. S. Sutman, J. E. Peake  
".....H. H. Brown  
Collector.....L. A. H. Brown  
Alcalde.....J. A. Haworth  
Marshal.....J. A. Haworth  
Engineer & Sup'r Water Works.....Burgess  
Superintendent of Schools.....George Denney  
Deputy Marshal.....Geo. S. Hayes  
Fire Department.....Chief Engineer, Joseph Hayes; Asst. Chief Engineer, H. P. Christie; 2d Assistant, H. P. Elmer  
Board of Education of the Decatur Public Schools.....Wm. L. Hammer, E. W. Moore, President; W. W. Johnson, E. W. Moore, President; E. A. Goodman, Sup't and Clerk

Decatur Township Officers.....  
Town Clerk.....Geo. Goodman  
Assessor.....Fred J. Smith  
Collector.....H. H. Brown  
Clerk of Highways.....J. Williams  
Henry Cassell J. M. Lowry  
Justices of Peace, (Ed.) J. M. Hatch, T. B. Albert  
H. C. Young, J. H. Young, J. H. Young  
(Constables) Carter, J. H. Mauay, S. Weitzel

Board of Supervisors.....  
Decatur.....Jacob Spangler, D. L. Hughes  
Friends Creek.....and Henry Hammill Brown  
Anatina.....Robert C. Davis  
Five Mound.....Frank Coleman S. Gage  
Mt. Zion.....William C. Williams  
Whitmore.....J. C. Ruddock  
Niantic.....James Dingman  
Harmonia.....J. M. Bell  
Hickory Point.....A. McRorie  
Wa Grason  
Woodstock.....Frank W. Illinois  
Long Creek.....L. R. Morse  
Prairie.....John W. House  
Prairie View.....J. W. Rogers

CHURCHES AND SOCIETIES.

PENNSYLVANIA CHURCH—On Prairie street between Main and Union streets, Rev. Robert Mackenzie, pastor. Regular services at 10:45 o'clock, A. M. and 7:30 P. M.; Sabbath school at 10:45 o'clock, A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Corner of North Water and William Streets, Rev. W. H. Reed, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL, (METHODIST EPISCOPAL)—Corner of Colorado and Franklin streets—Rev. W. H. Reed, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

W. H. PRENTISS, Preaching Elder.

BAPTIST CHURCH—In the northwest corner of Washington and Main streets, Rev. Mr. Bonham pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—On Water street between Main and Union streets, Rev. Robert Mackenzie, pastor. Regular services at 10:45 o'clock, A. M. and 7:30 P. M.; Sabbath school at 10:45 o'clock, A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

THE UNITED METHODIST CHURCH—On Water street between Main and Union streets, Rev. W. H. Reed, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

UNited BRETHREN CHURCH—Corner North Main and Corro Gordo streets, Rev. Mr. Finch, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Corner of North Main and North Union streets, Rev. Mr. Haynes pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

CATHOLIC CHURCH—Corner of North and Union streets, Rev. Mr. Murphy, pastor. Regular services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

GRANARY METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—On North Water and William Streets, Rev. W. H. Reed, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL, (METHODIST EPISCOPAL)—Corner of Colorado and Franklin streets—Rev. W. H. Reed, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

UNIVERSITY METHODIST CHURCH—On Prairie street west of the square now, Rev. W. M. Taber, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—On Prairie street west of the square now, Rev. W. M. Taber, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH—In the northwest corner of Wood and Edward streets, Rev. Mr. Gustafson. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

THE SENECA SECRET SOCIETY.

O. U. A. M.

Decatur Council, No. 2, O. U. A. M., meets at their hall over Hildebrandt's drug store, every Thursday evening.

MASONIC.

MAZON LODGE, No. 4, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, Monday night, at 8 P. M.; noon every month, (A. W. Bright, W. M. Julian, Newell, Secretary).

LODGE OF FREE & Accepted Masons, No. 4, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, Monday night preceding full moon every month, (G. C. Crooker, W. M. Gray, Secretary).

MAZON CHAPTER, No. 21.—Regular meeting, Tuesday night preceding full moon every month, A. M. Murray, H. P. Johnson, Secretary.

DECATUR COUNCIL, No. 18—A. A. Murray, H. P. Johnson, Secretary.

MAZON COMMANDERY, No. 2—A. A. Murray, H. P. Johnson, Commander. Regular meeting, fourth Thursday each month.

ODD FELLOWS.

OBELISK LODGE, No. 18—H. P. Christie, G. M.; F. G. Richmond, R. S. Meet every Monday, 8 P. M.; regular meetings, 8 P. M.; noon every month, (A. W. Bright, W. M. Julian, Newell, Secretary).

ODD FELLOWS, No. 21—H. P. Christie, G. M.; F. G. Richmond, R. S. Meet every month, Monday night preceding full moon every month, (G. C. Crooker, W. M. Gray, Secretary).

MAZON CHAPTER, No. 21.—Regular meeting, Tuesday night preceding full moon every month, A. M. Murray, H. P. Johnson, Secretary.

MAZON COMMANDERY, No. 2—A. A. Murray, H. P. Johnson, Commander. Regular meeting, fourth Thursday each month.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

CHAPTER OF LEOPARD LODGE, No. 1—O. M. Durfee, G. W. L. Hammett, Secretary. Meets every Monday evening in their hall, Court House building, South Water street.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION—Pratt Street, Third floor, Circulating Library, open every 8th and 20th day of the month, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., for exchange of books. Any person who becomes a life member of the Association by the payment of \$25 or an annual member of the Association by the payment of \$5, will be entitled to all the privileges of the Association.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION—President, Mrs. M. K. Hill, Vice President, Mrs. A. T. Hill, Treasurer.

DECATUR TRADING ROOM SOCIETY—Room 10, Post Office block, with the Library Association, open every 8th and 20th day of the month, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION—President, Mrs. M. K. Hill, Vice President, Mrs. A. T. Hill, Treasurer.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION—New building, second floor, Circulating Library, open every 8th and 20th day of the month, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., for exchange of books. Any person who becomes a life member of the Association by the payment of \$25 or an annual member of the Association by the payment of \$5, will be entitled to all the privileges of the Association.

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